

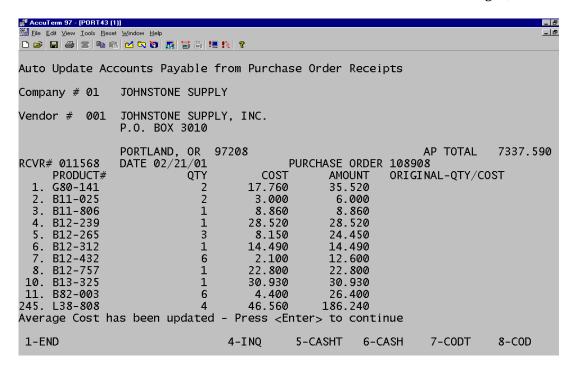
Accounts Payable & Inventory

ACCOUNTS PAYABLE AND INVENTORY

- When inventory comes into the warehouse is it received in.
- At this point it will be reflected in the inventory counts (detail), but not the G/L (summary.).
- Inventory doesn't hit the G/L summary until it has been vouchered and set for payment. The receivers created when inventory is scanned in are very important in facilitating this process. The receivers must be cleared through menu 13.20.2 when paying for merchandise.

```
Auto Update Accounts Pavable from Purchase Order Receipts
              JOHNSTONE SUPPLY
Company # 01
Vendor # 001
              JOHNSTONE SUPPLY, INC.
               P.O. BOX 3010
              PORTLAND, OR 97208
                              AMT RECEIVED
NOT INVOICED
                                            PURCHASE ORDER NUMBERS
       RCVR#
       009700
                                            107379
107375
       009701
                08/16/00
                08/16/00
Enter Line#, Rcvr#, <Enter>-next, P-revious,U-pdate or END
1-END
                               4-TNO
                                         5-CASHT
                                                             7-CODT
                                                                       8-COD
```

Also, we have had special programming done so that the average cost changes are taken to a COG
account if there is quantity on hand. This is important on the accounting side.



- If there isn't quantity on hand, then the discrepancy is coded to Cost of Goods Sold and is a line item on the last screen in 13.20.2.
- At the end of the month, 13.20.7 is run right after Accounts Payable is closed. It is preferable to close A/P on the first day of the following month.
- This report generates a lit of all the receivers that haven't been vouchered again in 13.20.2.
- At the end of the month, the total on the bottom of the report is used in a journal entry to force the unvouchered receivers to hit the GL summary. All the receivers that have not been vouchered are accounted for in a reversing journal entry that credits inventory and debits the accrual account. It is very important that these are reversing journal entries since the individual receivers may be vouchered in the next month and finally hit inventory.
- If a receiver is over 90 days old and still on the report, it would be a good idea to research it and find out why it hasn't been paid. I wouldn't call the vendor since we don't want to do their accounting for them, but it would be a good idea to do a little investigating.